

Investment objective

The Fund's objective is to outperform the JP Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Africa over the Fund's recommended investment horizon of 3 years. It offers investors geographic diversification of their bond investments and exposure to African transformation through a portfolio of debt securities issued by African countries, state-owned companies and supranational organizations, denominated in Hard currencies (USD, EUR) and listed on international markets.

MONTHLY REPORT : AUGUST 2026
SHARE ID – USD

Investment team
frontoffice@qantara-am.com

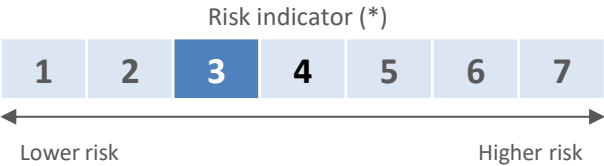


James KUATE - CIO & Fund manager
25 years' experience as proprietary trader & fund manager in Fixed income and convertible Bonds.



Martin LEY, CFA
Senior Fund manager - Analyst
10 years' experience as Fixed income Fund manager.

key elements



Minimum recommended investment period : 3 years

Benchmark: JPM EMBI GD Africa
Yield to maturity: 7.8%
Duration: 4.8
Average rating: BB (linear)
Average coupon: 7.1%

SFDR Classification : Article 8
Domiciliation : France
Legal form: UCITS - FCP
Launch date: 22/12/2023
Assets under management: EUR 23 M
Fund currency: EUR
Nav Calculation : Weekly

Isin codes : FR001400FLD9
Bloomberg codes : QAMABID FP Equity
Income distribution: Capitalization
Date of 1st NAV: 22/12/2023
Original NAV: 100
NAV at 31/08/2026 : 135.88

Minimum % of Taxonomy alignment: 0%
Minimum % of sustainable investments: 0%

(*) The risk indicator assumes that you hold the product for 3 years. The real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before maturity, and you may get less in return. The synthetic risk indicator enables you to assess the level of risk of this product compared with others.

Management comments

Rates markets experienced significant volatility during the month of August. Lower-than-expected US inflation data initially supported a decline in sovereign bond yields. This movement reversed toward the end of the period, leading to a rise in rates across most developed economies. The increase in yields was driven by several factors: the hawkish tone adopted by K. Warsh at the Jackson Hole symposium, emphasizing that progress on inflation remained insufficient and that the Federal Reserve remained committed to addressing inflation risks; renewed geopolitical tensions involving Iran, which pushed oil prices higher; and growing concerns over the deterioration of public finances in several developed economies. US Treasury interventions in the yen market and along the long end of the yield curve failed to reassure investors.

Unlike previous episodes of rising US interest rates, the asset class demonstrated remarkable resilience. Most major African currencies appreciated against the US dollar, supported by attractive real interest rates and strong external balances. Notably, higher US yields did not result in a stronger dollar, breaking the traditionally observed correlation between US rates and the greenback.

In this context, the average spread of the universe tightened by 18 bps, contributing to a performance of +1.29% for the ID share class of the Qantara ASB fund over the month..

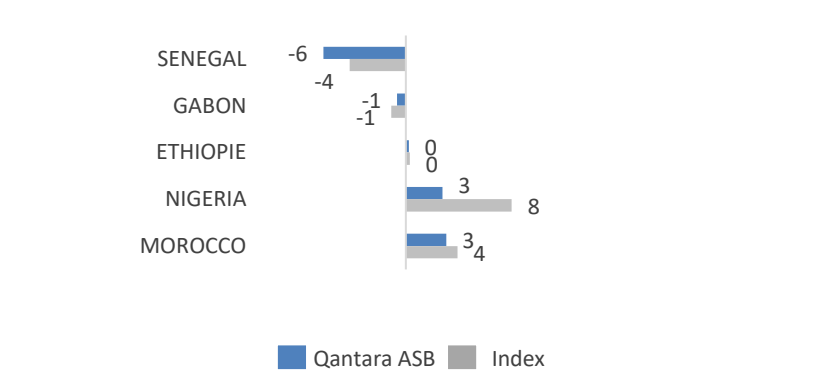
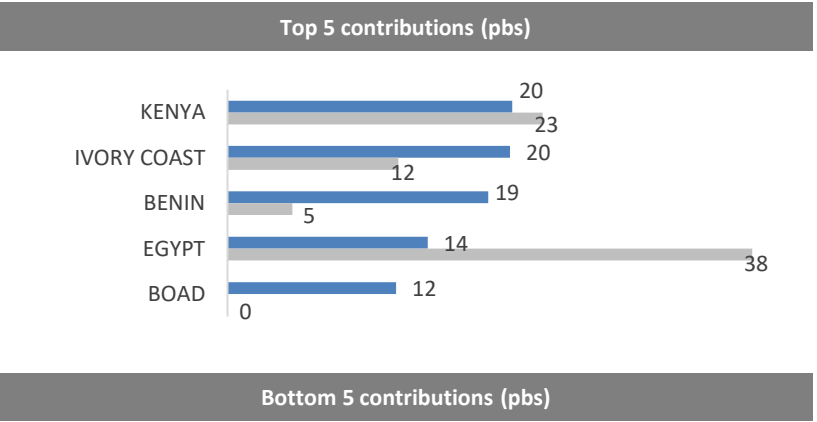
The strongest spread compression was recorded by **Cameroon**, whose spread tightened by 71 bps points, benefiting from a catch-up rally following President Paul Biya's return after an absence of more than two months. **Benin** also saw a significant reduction in its risk premium (-34 bps), supported by Moody's upgrade of its sovereign rating to Ba3, with the agency highlighting the country's progress in fiscal discipline and structural reforms. In **Nigeria**, Moody's affirmed the sovereign rating at B3, while the country continued to post substantial current account surpluses, reaching 6.2% of GDP in the first quarter. In **Angola**, economic growth surprised positively in the second quarter, accelerating to 8.7%, driven by both the oil sector (+6.2%) and non-oil activities (+9.2%).

Inflationary pressures remained mixed across the continent. Inflation accelerated in **Egypt** to 14.9% in July from 14.3% in June, while in **Rwanda** it continued to rise, reaching 14.5% compared with 13.6% the previous month. By contrast, **Ghana** recorded a further slowdown in inflation, which eased to 4.6% from 5.3% in June.

Senegal once again experienced the largest spread widening (+111 bps). Moody's downgraded the country's sovereign rating to Caa2, citing financing needs estimated at nearly 25% of GDP in 2026, which could be difficult to cover without an IMF-program. Following a rebasing exercise, the agency now estimates public debt at around 100% of GDP (versus 120% previously), while the interest expense-to-revenue ratio is expected to reach 23.7%. An IMF mission visited Dakar on 19 August to continue discussions regarding a potential new program, and significant announcements are expected in the coming months.

The primary market remained closed throughout the month, with no new sovereign issuance recorded.

Performances (net of fees)		
	MTD	YTD
Qantara ASB-Share ID	1.3%	4.8%
EMBI GD Africa	1.5%	4.7%
EMBI GD Global	0.9%	2.8%



Fund's performance									
	MTD	YTD	3M	6M	1Y	2025	2024	Since inception (Annualized)	Since inception (Cumul)
Qantara ASB- share ID	1.3%	4.8%	1.5%	3.5%	11.1%	15.9%	11.9%	12.1%	35.9%

Fund's performance month by month													
Share ID - USD	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2024	0.4%	1.1%	2.9%	-0.5%	1.0%	-0.6%	1.6%	2.3%	1.6%	0.3%	1.4%	-0.2%	11.9%
2025	1.9%	0.7%	-2.3%	-2.0%	4.8%	2.2%	2.2%	1.5%	2.4%	1.3%	0.4%	1.9%	15.9%
2026	0.4%	0.8%	-2.9%	3.7%	1.2%	0.7%	-0.5%	1.3%					4.8%

Ranking

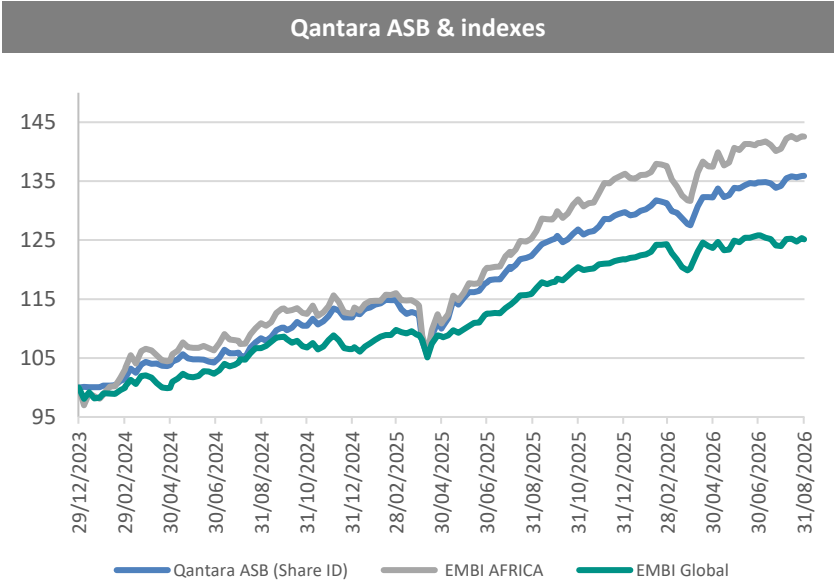
1st decile

1st quartile

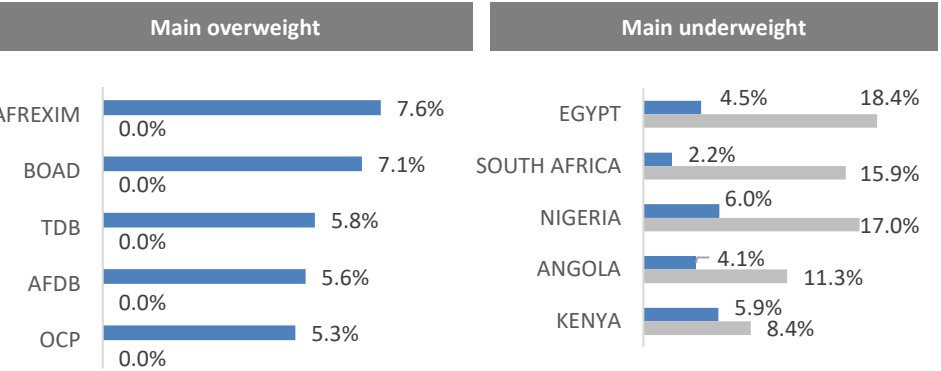
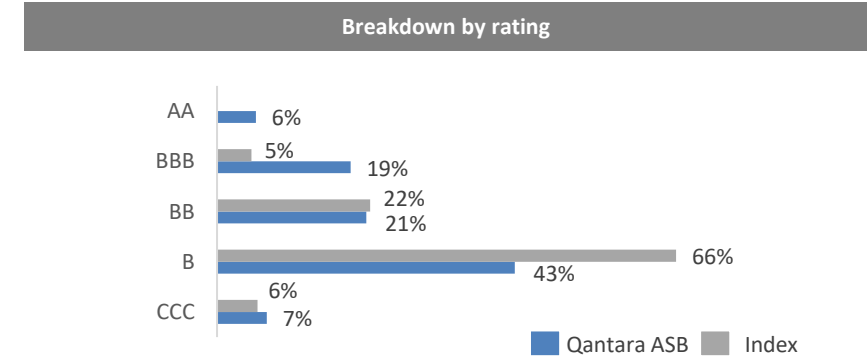
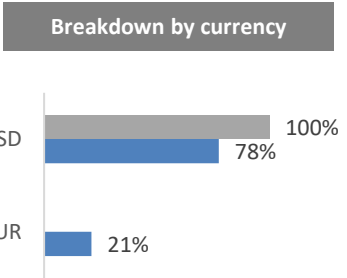
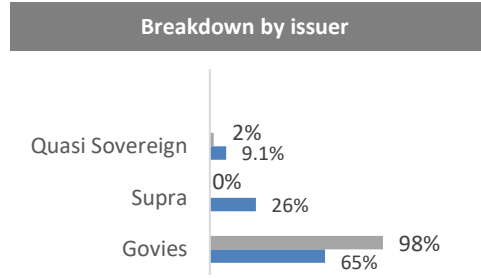
1st half

Part ID: Bloomberg ranking
Part I: Quantalys ranking

Risk parameters			
	Volatility	Sharpe ratio	Max drawdown
QANTARA ASB	6.4%	1.21	-8.20
EMBI Africa	7.7%	1.32	-8.95
EMBI Global	4.5%	0.94	-4.34



Main parameters		
Parameters	Fund	Index
Yield USD	7.8	7.5
Yield EUR	6.2	5.9
Mod Duration	4.8	5.7
Z Spread	345	315
Coupon Yield	7.1%	7.5%
Cash	1.8%	0%
Linear rating	BB	B
ESG Score internal (*)	45.4	43.0
Tracking error	2.5	

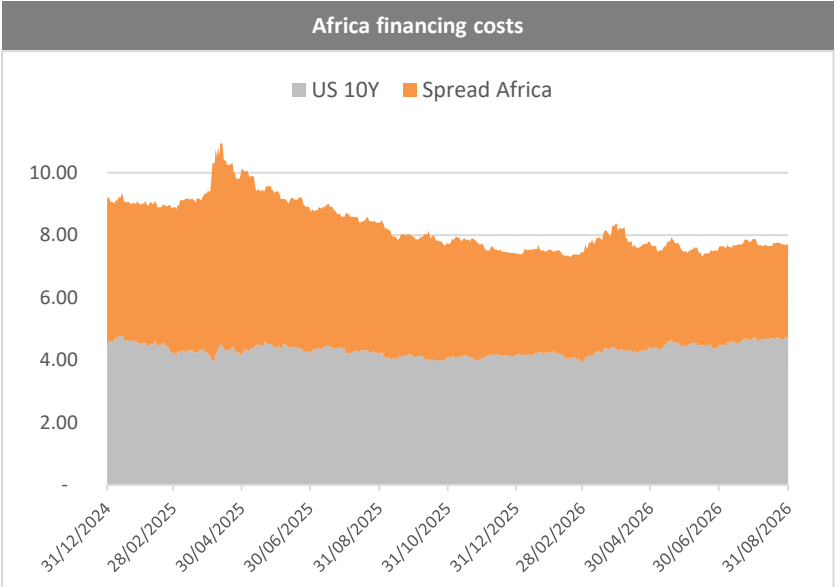
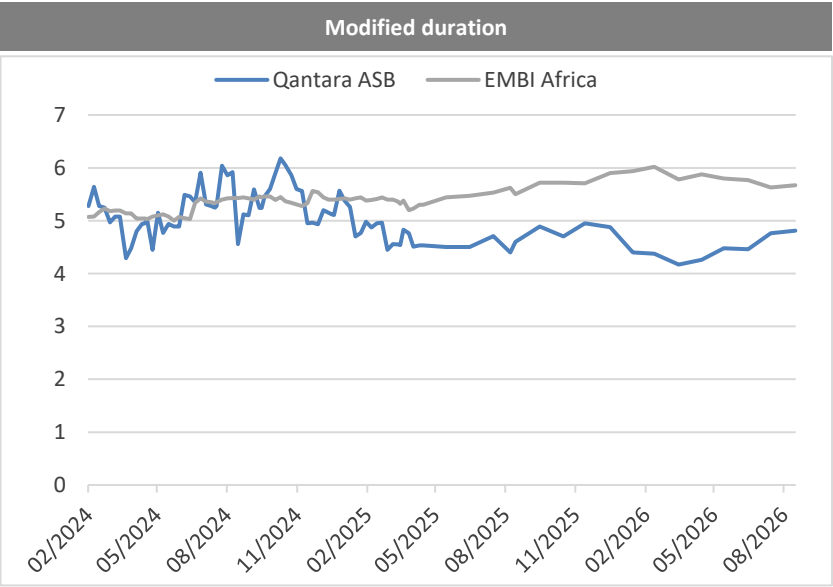
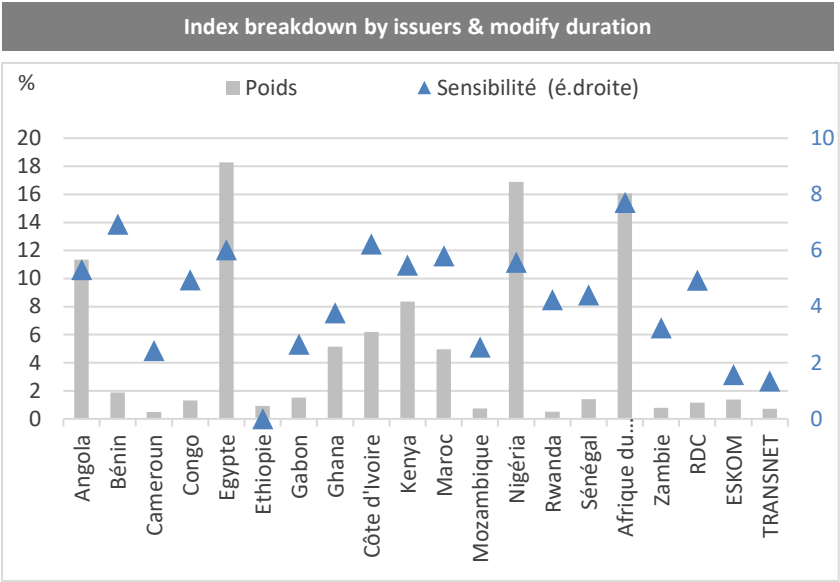
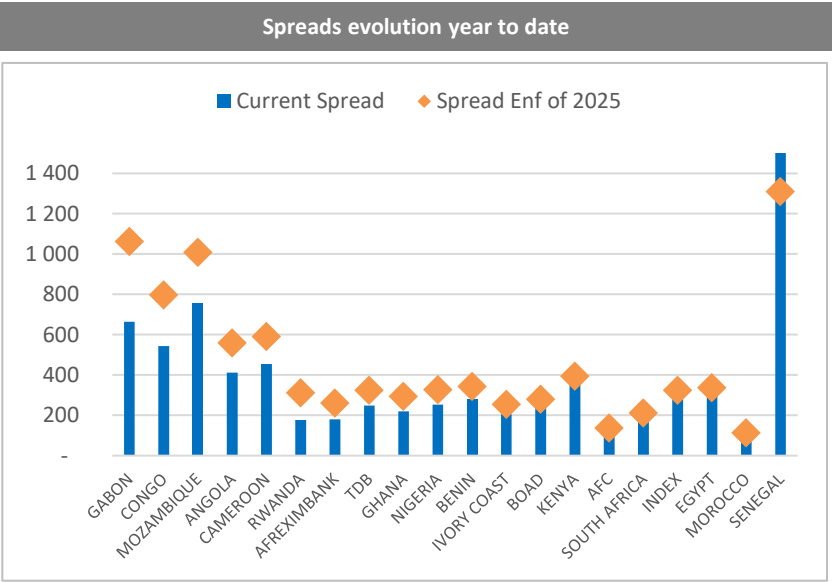


Top 5 issuers		
	Fund's weight	Active Weight
IVORY COAST	8.1%	1.9%
AFREXIM	7.6%	7.6%
BOAD	7.1%	7.1%
BENIN	6.0%	4.1%
NIGERIA	6.0%	-11.0%

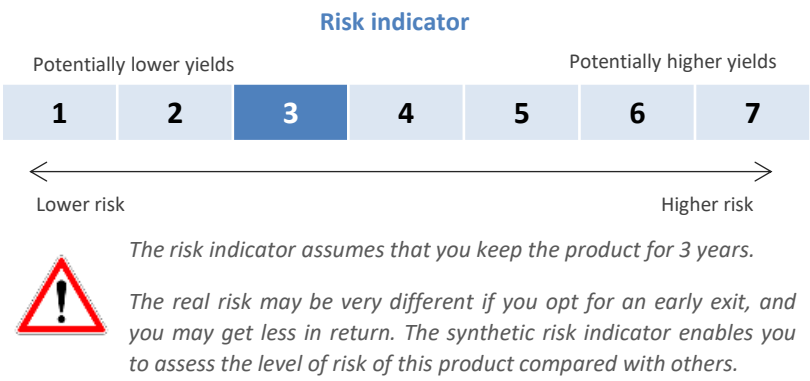
Main movements and positioning

We maintained our overall portfolio exposure broadly unchanged. However, we took the opportunity to re-enter Senegalese sovereign bonds, as the IMF mission to Dakar has increased the probability of a program agreement. With bond prices trading close to estimated recovery values (51%), the risk-reward profile appeared asymmetric and attractive.

Bought SENEGL 6 1/4 05/23/33
Sold EGYPT 8 1/2 01/31/47
Bought AFREXI 7 1/8 07/23/36



Denomination	QANTARA AFRICAN SOVEREIGN BONDS
Domiciliation	France
Juridical form	UCITS FCP under French law
SFDR Category	Article 8
Classification	Emerging markets Bonds
Launch date / Original NAV	22 December 2023 / 100
Last VL	31/08/2026: 135.88
Benchmark	JPM EMBI GD Africa
AUM	23 M €
recommended investment period	3 years
ISIN Codes	FR001400FLD9
Management fees	1% (Share I) – 1,5% (Share R)
Performance fees	None
Front Load	4% Max
Redemptions fees	None
Nav calculation	Weekly
Income distribution	Capitalization
Custodian	CACEIS BANK
Fund administration	CACEIS BANK
subscriptions / redemptions	Orders centralized before 12 pm on Friday
Fund’s auditor	PWC



Specific risks:

The value of investments and the income derived from them may go down as well as up, and the customer may not recover the full amount initially invested. This fund invests in emerging markets, which can be more volatile than more developed markets. This fund invests in bonds whose price is influenced by changes in interest rates, issuer credit ratings and other factors such as inflation and market dynamics. Generally, bond prices fall when interest rates rise. Default risk is a function of the issuer's ability to pay interest and repay the loan at maturity. Consequently, default risk may vary between issuing governments and entities. High-yield bonds are riskier. They present a greater risk of default, which can have a negative impact on the income and capital value of the fund investing in them. Given the greater risk of default, an investment in a corporate bond is generally less secure than an investment in a government bond. The fund may make greater and more complicated use of derivatives, which may result in leverage. In such situations, performance may rise or fall more sharply than in the absence of leverage. The fund may be exposed to a risk of financial loss in the event of subsequent default by a countercharged used for derivative instruments. The fund offers no guarantees or protection regarding performance, capital, net asset stability or volatility. Currency hedging is used to substantially reduce the risk of loss due to adverse movements in exchange rates on positions held in currencies other than the fund's trading currency. Currency hedging also has the effect of limiting the possibility of realizing foreign exchange gains.

Average rating : The average rating aggregates the ratings of issuers in the fund into a single rating by means of a weighted average.

Classification SFDR The Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) is a European regulation that requires asset managers to classify their funds as either "Article 8" funds that promote environmental and social characteristics, or "Article 9" funds that engage in sustainable investment with measurable objectives, or "Article 6" funds that do not promote environmental or social characteristics and have no sustainable objectives.

Credit sensitivity The Credit Sensitivity is a formula that expresses the measurable change in the value of a fixed income instrument in response to a change in credit spread. The credit sensitivity for the fund is calculated as the weighted average credit sensitivity of all underlying fixed income instruments

Duration The duration of a bond corresponds to the period after which its profitability is not affected by interest rate variations. Duration is defined as the average discounted life of all flows (interest and principal).

ESG : E- Environment, S- Social , G- Governance

ESG methodology: Qantara AM's ESG methodology is based on 3 pillars that represent major challenges for the African continent (Energy transition and adaptation to climate change, Education, Governance). A score is calculated using a proprietary method for each pillar, based on indicators from public sources.

ESG score calculation: Overall fund rating calculated according to Qantara AM's internal methodology: The final score ranges from 0 to 100, with 100 being the best score.

Exposure: The Exposure of a fund is expressed as a percentage of total portfolio holdings, considering the leverage of derivative instruments. It represents the amount an investor can lose from the risks unique to a Shareicular investment.

FCP: "Fonds commun de placement" – Mutual funds

High Yield . An instrument is considered as a high yield instrument if its credit rating is below BBB-, because of its higher default risk. The rate of return on these securities is generally higher.

Investment grade : An instrument is considered as an investment grade instrument if its credit rating is above or equal to BBB- , indicating a generally relatively low risk of default.

Modified duration : The Modified Duration is a formula that expresses the measurable change in the value of a fixed income instrument in response to a change in interest rates The Modified Duration for the fund is calculated as the weighted average of all underlying fixed income instruments.

Net asset value (NAV) : Price of one share.

Rating : The rating is the financial rating used to measure the quality of the borrower's (bond issuer's) signature.

Ratio de Sharpe : The Sharpe Ratio measures the level of compensation an investment in the fund offered for the risk taken. It is calculated by subtracting the risk-free rate from the return of the fund and dividing that result by the volatility. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better, a negative ratio has no significance other than that the fund underperformed the risk-free rate.

Tracking error: Tracking error is a statistical measure of the dispersion of a fund's excess returns around the mean, which in effect is the volatility of the difference between the fund's performance and the performance of the benchmark index. A higher tracking error indicates a higher deviation from the benchmark.

UCITS Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities is a European directive aimed at harmonizing markets (European passport).

VaR Value at risk (VaR) represents an investor's maximum potential loss on the value of a portfolio of financial assets, given a holding horizon (20 days) and a confidence interval (99%). This potential loss is represented as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. It is calculated based on a sample of historical data (over a 2-year period).

Volatility : The Volatility is the statistical measure of dispersion of returns for a fund around the mean. A higher volatility means that a fund's value can potentially be spread out over a larger range of values and makes the fund a riskier investment. .

Yield to Maturity : Yield to is the actuarial rate of return. At the time of calculation, it is the estimated rate of return offered by a bond if it were held to maturity by the investor. Note that the indicated yield does not consider the effect of currency carry and the Fund's fees and expenses.

QANTARA ASSET MANAGEMENT – QAM
Registered in Paris RCS number 912 686 672
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under the number GP-20230002

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